LIONS SCHOOL, MIRZAPUR PREBOARD EXAMINATION - I (2020-21)

SUBJECT – ECONOMICS CLASS – XII M.M.- 80 TIME - 3 HOURS

General Instructions: -

- i. All questions in both sections are compulsory. However, there is internal choice in some questions.
- ii. Marks for questions are indicated against each.
- iii. Question No. **1-10** and **18-27** are very short answer questions carrying 1 mark each. They are required to be answered in **one** sentence.
- iv. Question No. **11-12** and **28-29** are short answer questions carrying 3 marks each. Answers to them should not normally exceed **60** words each.
- v. Question No. **13-15** and **30-32** are also short answer questions carrying 4 marks each. Answers to them should not normally exceed **70** words each.
- vi. Question No. **16-17** and **33-34** are long answer questions carrying 6 marks each. Answers to them should not normally exceed **100** words each.
- vii. Answers should be brief and to the point and the above word limit be adhered to as far as possible.

SECTION A

(Macro Economics)

1.	is an example of tax revenue receipts.	1	
2.	If value of Marginal Propensity to Save is equal to zero, the value of investment		
	multiplier will be	1	
3.	Define Current Account Surplus.	1	
4.	refers to total ex-ante expenditure in an economy during in an		
	accounting year.	1	
5.	The process of buying and selling of securities by the Central bank of a coun	try is	
	known as	1	
	a) Margin Requirement		
	b) Open Market Operations		
	c) Cash Reserve Ratio		
	d) Statutory Liquidity Ratio		
6.	State whether the following statement is <i>true or false</i> :	1	
	"Industrial waste driven into rivers is an example of positive externality."		
7.	The value of money multiplier is equal to	1	
8.	Define Indirect tax.	1	
9.	State whether the following statement is <i>true or false</i> :	1	
	"Devaluation of currency is said to occur when the exchange rate is increase	d in	
	the fixed exchange rate system."		
10	.The value of multiplier is:	1	
	a) $\frac{1}{MPC}$ b) $\frac{1}{MPS}$		
	c) $\frac{1}{1-MPS}$ d) $\frac{1}{MPC-1}$		

11."Net factor income from abroad can be negative." Defend or Refute the given			
statement with valid argument.	3		
OR			
Distinguish between exports and net factor income from abroad.			
12.From the following data, calculate the (a) Consumption Expenditure and (b)			
Investment Expenditure for the economy:	3		
	mount in Rs.		
i. Equilibrium level of income	5,000		
ii. Autonomous Consumption	500		
iii. Marginal Propensity to Save	0.4		
13.On which side and in which sub-account of Balance of Payments, will 'foreign			
investment in India' be recorded? State valid reason for your answer. 4			
14. Distinguish between fiscal deficit and revenue deficit in a Government Budget.			
	4		
15.Describe the Banker's Bank function of Central Bank.	4		
16.What is meant by Deflationary Gap? State any to monetary	measures to correct		
the situation of deflationary gap.	6		
OR			
a) "To boost the falling demand in the economy, Reserve B	ank of India recently		
reduced Repo Rate and Reverse Repo Rate." Elaborate the rationale behind the			
steps taken by the Central Bank.	4		
b) Define Involuntary Unemployment.	2		
17.a) Describe briefly how money received from the sale of a			
be undertaken in the estimation of National Income.	2		
 b) Distinguish between 'Real Gross Domestic Product' and ' Domestic Product' 			
Domestic Product'.	4		
<u>SECTION B</u>			
(Indian Economic Development)	4		
18.Define Infrastructure.	1		
19. What are the two major sources of human capital in a coun	•		
20.In China, commune system is related to sector	r. 1		
a) Agriculture			
b) Industry			
c) Service			
d) Informal			
21.Economic growth combined with(equity/disparit	y) was the principal		
goal of planning in India.	1		
22.Great Leap Forward (GLF) was the campaign launched by M	lao in the year		
	1		
a) 1952			
b) 1958			
c) 1962			
d) 1968			
23.State whether the following statement is <i>true or false</i> :	1		
"Smoke emitted by the industries lead to environmental pol			
24.Opening of Canal significantly reduced the cost of transportation of			
goods between Britain and India.			
25.Define Devaluation of Currency.	1		
23. Define Devaluation of Currency.	Ţ		

OR

What is meant by agricultural productivity?

- 27.In which of the following type of unemployment is the marginal productivity of the workers zero? 1
 - a) Structural Unemployment
 - b) Involuntary Unemployment
 - c) Seasonal Unemployment
 - d) Disguised Unemployment
- 28.State and discuss any two principal causes of environmental degradation? 3
- 29.What was the two-fold motive behind the systematic de-industrialization affected by the British in pre-independent India? 3

OR

Highlight the salient features of India's demographic profile on the eve of independence.

- 30. State and discuss any two reasons for the poor performance of industrial sector in the reform period. 4
- 31. Discuss briefly the rationale behind choosing 'self-reliance' as an objective for the planning process of the Indian economy. 4
- 32.Compare India and Pakistan on the basis of their demography.
- 33.a) Define worker-population ratio. What does it signify?
 - b) Briefly discuss the causes of poverty in India.
- 34.a) "Infrastructure facilities raise production in the tertiary sector of the economy." Do you agree with the given statement? Give valid reasons to support your 4 answer. 2

b) What is meant by Informalization of workforce.

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